

# LESSON 2: THE KINGDOM OF IRON & CLAY PART 1 The Rise of the Oligarchs

957 B.C.

When		The Who, What, Where, and How
	957 B.C.	Solomon Temple is completed. King of Tyre, Hiram Abiff was the chief architect and mason. King Hiram supplied all the cedar, juniper, and gold he wanted and needed. In exchange, King Solomon gave twenty towns in Galilee to Hiram king of Tyre. According to Masonic legend, Hiram is murdered inside this Temple by three ruffians, after they failed to obtain from him the Master Masons' secrets.  Solomon loved many foreign women. God told Solomon not to intermarry with Moabites, Ammonites, Edomites, Sidonians, and Hittites because they will surely turn his heart after their gods. Nevertheless, Solomon took seven hundred wives, princesses, and three hundred concubines.  -1Kings 11:4-8 NIV  4 As Solomon grew old, his wives turned his heart after other gods, and his heart was not fully devoted to the Lord his God, as the heart of David his father had been. 5 He followed Ashtoreth the goddess of the Sidonians, and Molek the detestable god of the Ammonites. 6 So Solomon did evil in the eyes of the Lord; he did not follow the Lord completely, as David his father had done.  7 On a hill east of Jerusalem, Solomon built a high place for Chemosh the detestable god of Moab, and for Molek the detestable god of the Ammonites. 8 He did the same for all his foreign wives, who burned incense and offered sacrifices to their gods.
О	605 B.C.	Jerusalem was besieged by Nebuchadnezzar, King of Babylon. The first deportation of Judah began which included the prophet, Daniel. Daniels interprets Nebuchadnezzar's dream.
O	585 B.C. – 573 B.C.	Babylon besieged coastal Tyre in partial fulfillment of Ezekiel 26.
O	539 B.C.	The Babylonian Empire was conquered by Medo-Persia. (Cyrus the Great, King of Persia and Media)
	332 B.C.	The Siege of Tyre. Alexander the Great besieged Tyre in the completion of the prophecy of Ezekiel 26.
О	330 B.C.	The Medo-Persian Empire is conquered by Greece.
	130 B.C.	The Silk Road was established. Also called Silk Route, it was an ancient trade route, linking China with the West, that carried goods and ideas between the two great civilizations of Rome and China. Silk went

		westward, and wool, gold, and silver went east. They controlled a significant chunk of the European Silk Road at Venice, Genoa, and later Sicily.
O	63 B.C.	The Grecian Empire was conquered by Rome.
	476 A.D.	The Western Empire falls to Germanic tribes, marking the beginning of the end of the Roman Empire.
	622 A.D.	The Prophet Muhammad founds Islam in the Arabian Peninsula.
	650 A.D.	The Khazars establish a trade empire along the northwestern silk road. The Khazars of the House of Togarmah are descendants of Noah through his son Japheth. They settle in the Kingdom of Khazaria, (modern-day Ukraine). They charge travelers a toll for passing through their territory. They are known for their sin and lawlessness. They would murder travelers from other countries and adopt their identity. They were masters of deceit and worshipped Baal. They were ruthless and despised by their neighbors.
Site.	704 A.D.	Justinian II, the Byzantine emperor marries a Khazarian.
	730 A.D.	Byzantine Emperor Leo III, called the Turks from the mountains of Syria aka Khazars. Leo III was in a panic in fear of the Caliphate, and sent a representative to Bihar, the Khagan ruler of the Khazars, for help, as the KHAZARS had been at war with the Umayyad Caliphate for years. The Khazars agreed and an alliance was made. Part of the alliance was that the Khazar Khagan would send his daughter Tzitzak, a Khazar Princess, to marry Constantine V, Leo III's son and also junior co-ruler with Leo III. At that time Constantine was a child in his pre-teens. So in fact Khazar Khagan Bihar was the grandfather of Emperor Leo IV the Khazar, and BIHAR was called Viharos (angry, thunderous, and rough) by Armenian sources
	732 A.D.	Tzitzak was escorted to Constantinople for her marriage to Constantine who was about fourteen years old, while Tzitzak may have been even younger (perhaps 11 to 13 years old) as she did not give birth for eighteen years in 750 AD.
	740 A.D.	Khagan Bulan, King of Khazaria was given a choice by the Russian Ruler who was sick of the immoral acts of Khazar that he had to convert to either Judaism, Islam, or Christianity. He chose Judaism and called themselves Judeans, though he never really converted.
	741 A.D.	Leo III died and Constantine V became the sole Emperor with Khazar Empress Irene as effectively the reigning queen. However, civil war broke out almost immediately as Artabasdos, brother-in-law of Constantine V, claimed the throne for himself. The civil war lasted until late 743 AD.
	750 A.D.	Constantine and Tzitzak had a son, Leo IV, who would succeed his father as Emperor and was better known as "Leo the Khazar". Irene lived to the year 803 AD and served as co-ruler with her son for a time.
	751 A.D.	LEO IV was crowned co-emperor by his father at age 1. Leo was originally betrothed to Gisela, daughter of Pepin the Short (King of Franks succeeded by his son Charlemagne) but the contract was broken. Leo then married Irene, a Khazar princess from a noble Khazar family in December 769 AD.
0	751 A.D.	The merchant families with the ancestry of Babylon, Phoenician, Greece, Persia, and Egypt settled in Venice, Italy, and appointed, the Byzantine dux as Venetian Doge.
*	774 A.D.	Byzantine Emperor Constantine, Leo IV the Khazar's father embarked on a major attack against Bulgaria, leading his field army on land, and dispatching a fleet of two thousand ships carrying horsemen towards the Danube delta and Varna, but the emperor did not press his potential advantage and inexplicably retreated. Shortly afterwards the two sides signed a truce promising the cessation of hostilities. Telerig sent an army of twelve thousand men to raid Berzitia, Macedonia, and to transfer its population to Bulgaria. Collecting a large army of eighty thousand troops, Constantine V surprised the Bulgarians and won a resounding victory. The subsequent attack on Bulgaria failed because the imperial fleet encountered contrary winds in the Black Sea. Unfortunately, for Telerig his loss put him in deep trouble in Bulgaria. So he begged Constantine V to help him flee Bulgaria and seek refuge with the emperor, even asking for hospitality and a list of Byzantine people who might help him, even after he had betrayed the treaty with Constantine.
	775 A.D.	Constantine V died, leaving Leo IV the Khazar, as the sole emperor.

	776 A.D.	Leo, the KHAZAR, followed the precedent set by his father and grandfather and appointed his son, Constantine VI, co-emperor at age 5. This was supported by the army, Senate, and citizens. Leo the Khazar profited from discord among the Bulgars by granting the Bulgar khan Telerig asylum in Constantinople and marrying him to a Khazar cousin of his wife Irene. Telerig was the ruler of Bulgaria between 768 AD–777 AD and was considered the immediate successor of Pagan, who was murdered in 768 A.D.
	792 A.D.	The more likely truth is that as Constantine VI approached maturity, he grew resentful of his mother's controlling influence in the empire and attempted to remove her as Empress. But Irene, the KHAZAR, demanded the military swear an oath of loyalty to her as ruler. Anger at this demand prompted the administrative divisions of Asia Minor to open resistance to Irene, the KHAZAR, in 790 and Constantine VI was proclaimed sole ruler, and his mother was banished from court. Irene was allowed to return to court and even resume her position as co-ruler. Irene's skillful intrigues with the bishops and courtiers enabled her to organize a conspiracy against her own son Constantine VI
	793 A.D.	The Vikings raid the Lindisfarne Monastery in England, marking the beginning of the Viking Age.
	797 A.D.	Irene was so hungry for power she accused her own son of being incapable of ruling. Irene the KHAZAR ordered the palace to overthrow her son, blind him, and toss him in prison. Constantine died most likely from his wounds within a year. Ruthlessness was not uncommon amongst Khazar rulers!
	797 A.D802 A.D.	Irene, the Khazar Tzitzak, became the sole Byzantine emperor with full power. She boldly opened diplomatic relations with the Western Emperor Charlemagne, and in 802 a marriage between her and Charlemagne was reportedly contemplated.
	800 A.D.	Charlemagne aka Charles the Great becomes Emperor of the Holy Roman Empire of the German Nation.
***	802 A.D.	Officials and Generals after seeing Irene was such a vile power-hungry ruler, deposed her in a palace coup. Irene, the KHAZAR, was exiled first to the island of Prinkipo (now Turkish Island of Büyükada) and then to Greek Island Lesbos where she died in 803 A.D.
0	871 A.D. – 899 A.D.	Wanting a place in England to infiltrate and inspired by their hatred of one of the great governments in history under King Alfred the Great, the Byzantine Empire, fully infected by the Khazars incite the Vikings and Varangians or Kievan Rus people who were defeated by King Alfred to rise and renew their attacks.
	965 A.D.	The Grand Prince of Kiev, Sviatoslav the Brave, planned to do away with the Khazars once and for all due to their continued devil worship and child sacrifice. However, the Khazars had spies who gave the heads up of the plan and the Khazarian king fled the country with his 25 wives, 60 concubines all of the nobility, and an enormous amount of gold and silver. Their exodus led them through Hungary, Germany, France, and Spain. At each stop, a few would stay behind. They called themselves Askenazi Judeans which was named after the territory of Ashkenaz, brother and sworn enemy of Togarmah. This was to hide the fact that they were Khazarian.
0	991 A.D.	Venice earned tax-free trading rights in the entire Byzantine Empire.
	1066 A.D.	The Norwegian and Byzantine armies converge on England. The Byzantine leader was killed at Stamford Bridge, but the weakened English forces were defeated at Hastings by William the Conqueror of Normandy who imposed Noman rule on Britain. William's victory resulted in the formation of the Bank of England and the East India Company.
0	1096 A.D.	The Crusades begins with the first of nine wars initiated with the goal of recovering the Holy Land from Islamic Rule on behalf of the Roman Catholic Church. The Venetian families sponsored and funded the Crusades. As the Crusades pushed east, they discovered products like spices, sugar, perfumes, silks, and the like. This created an increased demand for the products.
0	1099 A.D.	Jerusalem fell to the Crusaders. This established the power base of the oligarchical families living in the Republic of Venice and solidified their power as the wealthy ruling class in Venice and Genoa. These Italian cities had a monopoly on the Easter trade. This monopoly drove countries to find alternative routes to India and the Far East.
0	1122 A.D. – 1124 A.D.	The Crusades capture land formerly called Tyre.
0	1172 A.D.	The Venetian Doge (Mayor) was no longer appointed by a chief magistrate but instead by a committee of 40 from the most powerful families with significant economic influence. These families believed that they were born to rule as an arbitrary elite oligarchy, while a vast amount of the population was condemned to a life of oppression, serfdom, and slavery. An idea asserted by Aristotle.

0	1200 A.D.	The Venetians, now at the apex of their military and naval power, set out to create a New Roman Empire with its center at Venice. They expanded into the Greek Islands, The Black Sea, and the Italian mainland. They helped to defeat the Hohenstaufen rulers of Germany and Italy. Venetian intelligence assisted <b>Genghis Khan</b> as he attacked and wiped out powers that had resisted Venice and the Venetian bankers, often called Lombards, began to loot many parts of Europe with usurious loans.
0	1215 A.D.	To protect Feudal Barons against the central monarchy, King John was forced to sign the Marna Carta so that the Barons could lawfully wage war upon the King if they had grievances. England was held hostage by the parasitical Venetian feudal overlords. The Magna Carta was their license for the Civil War to impose slavery on their workers without the interference of the crown
0	1264 A.D. – 1267 A.D.	The Second Barons War. It was a civil war caused by baronial opposition to the costly and inept policies of Henry III of England. Henry also became embroiled in funding a war against the Hohenstaufen, on behalf of Pope Innocent IV, in return for the Hohenstaufen Kingdom of Sicily for his second son Edmund. Henry III became insolvent after taking loans to fund the wars at 120-180 Percent interest which they needed to repay to the Venetians. The King failed to pay and the Lombards (Venetians) went bankrupt.
О	1339 A.D. – 1453 A.D.	The 100-Year Wars. The Venetians persuade their ally King Edward the III of England to declare war on France amid the tumult. Prior to Joan of Arc's victory over the English, this plunged France into chaos. What followed was the War of Roses in England.
0	1347 A.D 1353 A.D.	The Black Death was a devastating global epidemic of bubonic plague that struck Europe and Asia in the mid-1300s. The plague arrived in Europe in October 1347, when 12 ships from the Black Sea docked at the Sicilian port of Messina. People gathered on the docks were met with a horrifying surprise: Most sailors aboard the ships were dead, and those still alive were gravely ill and covered in black boils that oozed blood and pus. Sicilian authorities hastily ordered the fleet of "death ships" out of the harbor, but it was too late: Over the next five years, the Black Death would kill more than 20 million people in Europe—almost one-third of the continent's population.
О	1381 A.D.	An uprising in London and southeast England was to abolish feudal dues, free use of forests for the poor to hunt, and an end to the tithes or taxes collected by the church. This was called Wat Tyler's rebellion, which ended when Wat was killed by the Mayor of London.
	1400 A.D.	European power was concentrated between two camps, the Ghibellines and the Guelphs. The Venetians strategically began marrying into these royal houses as a means of extending their influence into Europe, realizing that expansion through stealth rather than conflict was the best means. The importance was the Guelphs who were also the Normans that conquered England. The Pope had allied himself with the Guelphs also called the Black Guelphs or Black Nobility. This power structure extended through the Italian financial centers to the north of France in Lombardy established by the Venetians and would transfer to Hamburg, then to Amsterdam, and finally to London.
	1453, A.D.	Constantinople falls, The Silk Route ends, and the Kingdom of Iron & Clay begins.  Daniel 2:40-43 NIV  40 Finally, there will be a fourth kingdom, strong as iron—for iron breaks and smashes everything—and as iron breaks things to pieces, so it will crush and break all the others. 41 Just as you saw that the feet and toes were partly of baked clay and partly of iron, so this will be a divided kingdom; yet it will have some of the strength of iron in it, even as you saw iron mixed with clay. 42 As the toes were partly iron and partly clay, so this kingdom will be partly strong and partly brittle. 43 And just as you saw the iron mixed with baked clay, so the people will be a mixture and will not remain united, any more than iron mixes with clay.

### A Deep Dive Down the Rabbit Hole!

# Lesson 2: The Kingdom of Iron & Clay Pt. 1 The Rise of the Oligarchs

Beloved, do not believe every spirit, but test the spirits to see whether they are from God, for many false prophets have gone out into the world. -1 John 4:1 ESV

#### The Intoxicating Nectar of Absolute Power

In 1925, Napoleon Hill was commissioned at the request of Andrew Carnegie to interview over 500 of the world's richest and most successful families to find the formula for their success. After 20 years of research, the Law of Success was completed.

Prior to the pandemic, I had spent the previous 10 years studying the work of Napoleon Hill as well as others in order to develop a system through my company Waypoint Mastermind which would untether people from what is holding them hostage and help them succeed in any venture.

My system has helped many people improve their lives and to date, two people have become millionaires and two others are on track to Billionaire status. I tell you that to inform you that the recipe works and once you know the recipe to success, you can create the result repeatedly.

Success in any venture has a recipe. Unfortunately, this formula can be used for good or evil so whether you want to run for office, start a business, or are hell-bent on world domination, knowing the recipe is imperative to your success.

This recipe is very simple:



You must develop a pleasing personality such that you are able to influence others to cooperate with you in getting what you want. This cooperation is the power that is necessary for your success.

#### The Two Means of Amassing Power

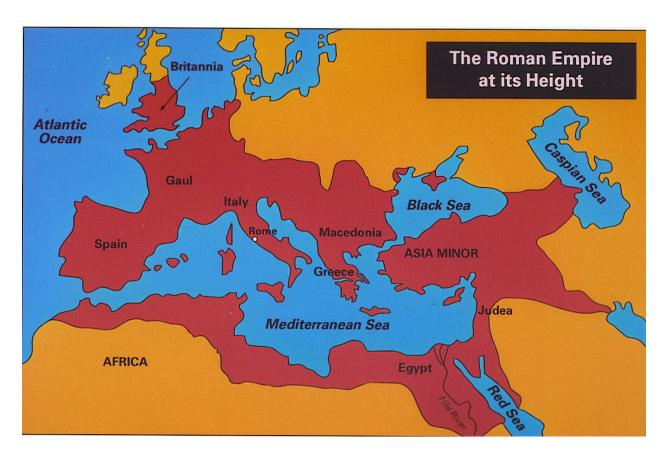
Due to abuse of authority, power has an unfavorable connotation. This is a result of the abuse of authority that people are accustomed to witnessing. Not all power is bad, you can amass power in one of two ways:

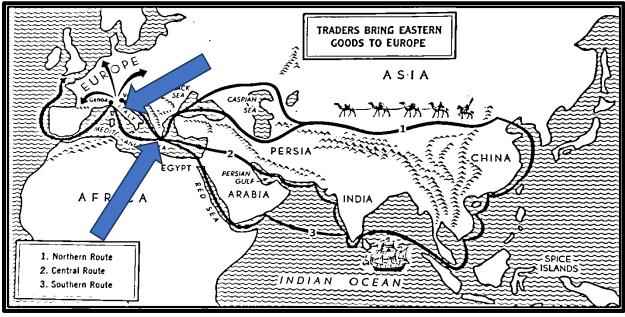
- 1. Power based on influence is the most powerful but difficult to acquire. Being able to influence people to stick with you, is difficult but once they have voluntarily chosen to follow you they will generally remain loyal.
- 2. Force-based power is the least effective of the two, but it is also the easiest to accumulate. To coerce someone into obedience and cooperation, all you need to do is have something you can hold over their head.

Both of these strategies are understood and employed by a very distinct cartel of oligarchical families, who became the Mediterranean region's dominant power.



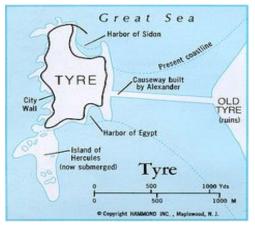
Strong and influential, these oligarchical families dominated trade and business in the areas where they lived. These families dominated the maritime trade, particularly in the Mediterranean and they enjoyed tax-free trading privileges throughout the whole Byzantine Empire by 1082.







### Meet the Tyrians





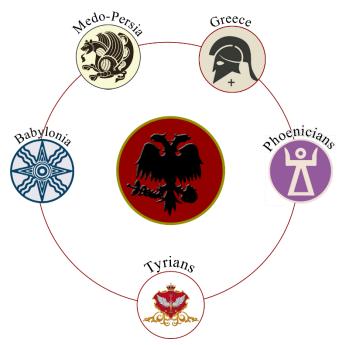


Perhaps no pagan deity was as reviled as Moloch, a god whose cult reportedly sacrificed children in a furnace set inside the belly of a bronze bull.



#### **The Venetian Merchants**

Over the years, before the Roman Empire, Merchant families from Babylon, Persia, Greece, Tyre, and Phoenicia, would intermarry into the bloodlines of other powerful families of the next empire until their families thus solidifying their power.



The oligarchical families feel that they have a divine right to rule and that they were destined to do so as an arbitrary elite over the vast mass of the population, who are doomed to tyranny, serfdom, and enslavement. They use Aristotle's intellectual writings to support their claims.

Aristotle is considered one of the greatest philosophers, and his moral and political philosophy remains especially influential. He believed that, for some people, being enslaved was just and even beneficial for them. Aristotle's defense of slavery starts with the idea that to be just, social norms must reflect what is natural. Accordingly, society may practice



slavery if there are some people who are naturally suited to be slaves.

These families are prepared to go to any lengths to achieve their objectives of dominance and revenge, including bringing about a crisis (such as a financial depression, war, famine, plague, or pestilence) and then offering the solution in exchange for a "small favor".

They give people that they desire to dominate everything they want, such as sex, money, or their own positions of power in return for a minor favor, they will attempt to influence them. This tiny favor typically forces the trustee, public official, or king to be at their beck and call since otherwise, the immoralities they employed to persuade them might become known.

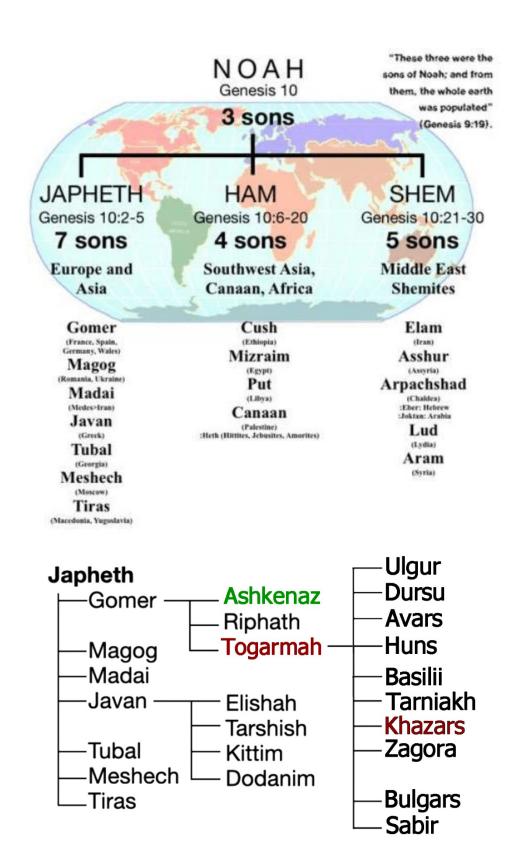
The "divide and conquer" tactic is one of their go-to techniques. By pitting their foes against one another, they would be able to increase their power as their rivals became more vulnerable.



#### Meet the Khazars

The Khazars were known for their sin and lawlessness. They would murder travelers from other countries and adopt their identity. They were masters of deceit and worshipped Baal. They were despised by their neighbors.

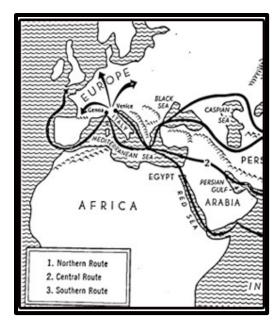




650 A.D.

The Khazars of the House of Togarmah are descendants of Noah through his son Japheth. The Khazars were a semi-nomadic Turkic people that in the late 6th-century CE established a major commercial empire in Khazaria which today would cover the southeastern section of modern European Russia, southern Ukraine, Crimea, and Kazakhstan. They established a trade empire along the northwestern Silk Road, charging travelers a toll.





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740 A.D.

**Khagan Bulan, King of Khazaria was given a choice** by the Russian Ruler who was sick of the immoral acts of Khazar that he had **to convert to either Judaism, Islam, or Christianity**. He chose Judaism and called themselves Judeans, though he never really converted.







Revelation 2:9, "I know thy works, and tribulation, and poverty, (but you are rich) and I know the blasphemy of them which say they are Jews, and are not, but are the synagogue of Satan."

Revelation 3:9 9 Behold, I will make them of the synagogue of Satan, which say they are Jews, and are not, but do lie; behold, I will make them to come and worship before thy feet, and to know that I have loved thee.

965 A.D.

The Grand Prince of Kiev, Sviatoslav the Brave, planned to do away with the Khazars once and for all due to their continued devil worship and child sacrifice. However, the Khazars had spies who gave the heads up of the plan and the Khazarian king fled the country with his 25 wives, 60 concubines all of the nobility, and an enormous amount of gold and silver. Their exodus led them through Hungary, Germany, France, and Spain. At each stop, a few would stay behind.

Some say they moved to the land of Ashkenaz, owed by their mortal enemy and the uncle to Khazar, and called themselves Ashkenazi Judeans in order to hide the fact that they were Khazarian.

There is no record of that anywhere in my research.

#### MEET THE VENETIAN BLACK NOBILITY





## THE 13 FAMILIES WHO ACTUALLY RULE THE WORLD

THE BORJA BLOODLINE
THE BREAKSPEARE BLOODLINE
THE SOMAGLIA BLOODLINE
THE ORSINI BLOODLINE
THE CONTI BLOODLINE
THE CHIGI BLOODLINE
THE COLONNA BLOODLINE
THE FARNESE BLOODLINE
THE MEDICI BLOODLINE
THE GAETANI BLOODLINE
THE PAMPHILI BLOODLINE
THE ESTE BLOODLINE
THE ALDOBRANDINI BLOODLINE

House of Bernadotte, Sweden

House of Bourbon, France

House of Braganza, Portugal

House of Grimaldi, Monaco

House of Guelph, Britain (the most important one)

House of Habsburg, Austria

House of Hanover, Germany (the second most important one)

House of Hohenzollern, Germany

House of Karadjordjevic, Yugoslavia (former)

House of Liechtenstein, Liechtenstein

House of Nassau, Luxembourg

House of Oldenburg, Denmark

House of Orange, Netherlands

**House of Savoy, Italy** 

House of Wettin, Belgium

House of Wittelsbach, Germany

House of Württemberg, Germany

House of Zogu, Albania

(all the families you will find on the Windsor family tree).